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NEW QUESTION: 1

What is the purpose of GitHub Sponsors?

- A. It funds the most popular open source projects based on stars.
- B. It provides a channel for GitHub to support open source projects.
- C. It offers a way for companies to purchase software on GitHub.
- D. It allows the developer community to financially support open source projects.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

GitHub Sponsors is a program designed to provide a platform for developers and companies to financially support open-source projects and their maintainers.

Financial Support for Open Source Projects:

Option D is correct because the main purpose of GitHub Sponsors is to allow members of the developer community, including individuals and organizations, to financially support open-source projects and maintainers. This helps sustain open-source development by providing developers with the resources they need to continue their work.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because GitHub Sponsors is not based on project popularity (e.g., stars); it is based on voluntary contributions.

Option B is incorrect because while GitHub provides the platform, the purpose of GitHub Sponsors is not for GitHub itself to fund projects, but to enable the broader community to do so.

Option C is incorrect because GitHub Sponsors is not a marketplace for purchasing software but a platform for supporting developers.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: GitHub Sponsors

NEW QUESTION: 2

Workflows can reference actions in:

(Each correct answer presents a complete solution. Choose three.)

- A. Any public repository.
- B. The same repository as your workflow file.
- C. GitHub Packages.
- D. An enterprise marketplace.
- E. A published Docker container image on Docker Hub.

Answer: A,B,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

In GitHub Actions workflows, actions can be referenced from various sources depending on the needs of the workflow.

Any Public Repository:

Option A is correct. Actions can be referenced from any public GitHub repository, allowing the reuse of shared actions across multiple projects.

The Same Repository as Your Workflow File:

Option B is correct. Actions stored in the same repository as the workflow file can be referenced directly, which is common for custom actions specific to that project.

A Published Docker Container Image on Docker Hub:

Option E is correct. Workflows can reference actions that are provided as Docker container images hosted on Docker Hub, allowing integration of complex tools and environments.

Incorrect Options:

Option C (GitHub Packages) is incorrect as it is more commonly used for storing and managing dependencies, not actions.

Option D (An enterprise marketplace) is incorrect because GitHub Actions are not directly referenced from an enterprise marketplace but rather from public repositories or Docker images.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Reusing Workflows

NEW QUESTION: 3

What are primary benefits of using GitHub issues templates?

(Each answer presents a complete solution. Choose two.)

- A. To automatically label or assign newly created issues
- B. To provide an easy-to-fill-out form for creating new issues
- C. To easily coerce existing issues into a standard format
- D. To automatically create new branches when issues are created

Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)

The primary benefits of using GitHub issues templates include:

A . To automatically label or assign newly created issues: Issue templates can be configured to automatically apply labels or assign users when the issue is created, helping to streamline triage and management processes.

B . To provide an easy-to-fill-out form for creating new issues: Templates provide a standardized format for submitting issues, ensuring that all necessary information is captured and reducing the need for follow-up questions.

Coercing existing issues into a standard format or automatically creating new branches when issues are created are not functions provided by GitHub issues templates.

NEW QUESTION: 4

New open source contributors can receive funding from GitHub sponsors:

- A. Using PayPal as a payment processor.
- B. Equal to 95% of the contribution value.
- C. By including GitHub matching funds.
- D. After setting up a sponsored developer profile.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

GitHub Sponsors allows developers and organizations to financially support open-source contributors directly on the GitHub platform.

Setting Up a Sponsored Developer Profile:

Option D is correct because before a contributor can receive funding through GitHub Sponsors, they need

NEW QUESTION: 5

When using Organizations, GitHub Teams is better than GitHub Free because it offers:

- A. Advanced tools and insights in private repositories.
- B. Authentication with SAML single sign-on and increased GitHub Actions minutes.
- C. Expanded storage and priority support.
- D. Increased GitHub Actions minutes and additional GitHub Packages storage.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

GitHub Teams, as part of GitHub's paid plans, offers additional features and capabilities compared to GitHub Free, particularly for organizations.

GitHub Teams Benefits:

Option B is correct because GitHub Teams provides advanced security features like SAML single sign-on for secure authentication, as well as increased minutes for running GitHub Actions, which are essential for continuous integration and deployment workflows.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because private repositories and advanced tools are features available, but the key differentiator in this context is the SAML SSO and additional GitHub Actions minutes.

Option C is incorrect because while expanded storage and priority support are valuable, SAML SSO and increased GitHub Actions minutes are more central to the differences between GitHub Free and GitHub Teams.

Option D is partially correct, but since the question asks for the best reason, Option B provides the most critical features that differentiate GitHub Teams from GitHub Free.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: About GitHub Teams

NEW QUESTION: 6

Which of the following is an Innersource development practice?

- A. Adopting open source code into the organization
- B. Sharing code between teams within the organization
- C. Removing open source code from the organization
- D. Making all repositories publicly accessible

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Innersource is a development practice where an organization adopts open-source development methodologies within its own internal environment. The primary goal of innersource is to break down silos and encourage collaboration across different teams within the organization.

Sharing Code Between Teams:

Option B is correct because innersource involves sharing code between teams within the organization, similar to how open-source communities share code across the public domain. This practice fosters collaboration, improves code quality, and allows for reuse of code, reducing duplication of efforts.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because adopting open-source code into the organization is related to using open-source software, not specifically to innersource practices.

Option C is incorrect because removing open-source code from the organization is contrary to the principles of both open source and innersource.

Option D is incorrect because making all repositories publicly accessible refers to open source, not innersource. Innersource typically involves keeping code internal to the organization.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: What is Innersource?

Innersource Commons: The Basics

NEW QUESTION: 7

The difference between GitHub Desktop and github.com is that Desktop:

- A. Is a standalone software application.
- B. Enables integration with office suite applications.
- C. Is only available on Windows operating systems.
- D. Offers a graphical user interface.
- E. Is a self-hosted version of GitHub.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

GitHub Desktop is a standalone application that provides a graphical user interface (GUI) for interacting with GitHub repositories, as opposed to the command-line or web-based interfaces available on github.com.

Graphical User Interface:

Option D is correct because GitHub Desktop offers a GUI, making it easier for users to manage repositories, perform commits, and handle other Git-related tasks without needing to use the command line.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is partially correct in that GitHub Desktop is a standalone application, but the key difference is the GUI.

Option B is incorrect because GitHub Desktop does not specifically enable integration with office suite applications.

Option C is incorrect because GitHub Desktop is available on both Windows and macOS.

Option E is incorrect because GitHub Desktop is not a self-hosted version of GitHub; it is a client application for accessing GitHub repositories.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: GitHub Desktop Documentation

NEW QUESTION: 8

How can a user highlight a post to the top of the Discussions page?

- A. Save the discussion.
- B. Pin the discussion.
- C. Create an issue from the discussion.
- D. Star the discussion.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

To highlight a post at the top of the Discussions page on GitHub, you can Pin the discussion. Pinning a discussion ensures it remains prominently visible at the top of the list, making it easier for others to find and participate in that discussion. This is particularly useful for important announcements or frequently referenced topics.

NEW QUESTION: 9

As a GitHub user, where in the UI can you configure two-factor authentication (2FA) to further secure your account?

- A. Profile -> Account -> 2FA
- B. Repository Settings -> Secrets and Variables -> 2FA
- C. Organization Settings -> Authentication Security -> 2FA
- D. Settings -> Password and Authentication -> 2FA

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

As a GitHub user, you can configure two-factor authentication (2FA) to secure your account by navigating to Settings -> Password and Authentication -> 2FA. This section in

the GitHub user interface allows you to set up and manage your 2FA methods, which provide an additional layer of security beyond just your password.

NEW QUESTION: 10

Which of the following best describes GitHub flow?

- A. A branching model that uses feature branches and multiple primary branches
- B. A strategy where separate branches are created for each release, and pull requests are used to collaborate on and approve releases
- C. A lightweight workflow that allows for safe experimentation with new ideas and collaboration on projects through branching, pull requests, and merging
- D. A strict workflow that enforces a linear development process with all changes made directly on the main branch

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

GitHub Flow is a simple, yet powerful, branching strategy that is widely used in modern software development. It emphasizes collaboration and flexibility.

GitHub Flow:

Option C is correct because GitHub Flow is a lightweight workflow designed for safe experimentation and collaboration. It involves creating branches for new features or fixes, opening pull requests for review, and merging changes back into the main branch after approval.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because GitHub Flow uses a single main branch, not multiple primary branches.

Option B is incorrect because GitHub Flow is not specifically designed around releases; it is more focused on continuous development and integration.

Option D is incorrect because GitHub Flow is not strict or linear; it encourages branching and pull requests rather than direct changes on the main branch.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Understanding the GitHub Flow

GitHub Guides: The GitHub Flow

NEW QUESTION: 11

What folder is the definition files stored in when creating custom issue forms?

- A. .issues
- B. .issues/ISSUE_TEMPLATE
- C. .github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE
- D. .GitHub

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

When creating custom issue forms on GitHub, the definition files are stored in the .github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE folder. This directory is used to define issue templates and forms that help standardize the information collected when users open new issues in the

repository. The .github folder is a special directory used for various repository configurations and workflows.

NEW QUESTION: 12

What best describes Markdown?

- A. Markup language
- B. Programming language
- C. Scripting language
- D. Version control system
- E. Containerization solution

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Markdown is a lightweight markup language with plain-text formatting syntax. It is designed to be easy to write and read in its raw form, and it can be converted into HTML and other formats. Markdown is commonly used for formatting readme files, writing messages in online discussion forums, and creating rich text documents.

Markup Language:

Option A is correct because Markdown is indeed a markup language. It is not a programming language, scripting language, version control system, or containerization solution.

Incorrect Options:

Option B is incorrect because Markdown is not a programming language; it does not involve control structures or variables.

Option C is incorrect because Markdown is not used for scripting or automation.

Option D is incorrect because Markdown does not manage version control.

Option E is incorrect because Markdown is not related to containerization technologies like Docker.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Basic writing and formatting syntax

NEW QUESTION: 13

In GitHub, why is it recommended to deploy from your feature branch before merging into the main branch?

- A. To directly deploy changes from the main branch without any intermediate testing
- B. To speed up the process of merging changes into the main branch
- C. To avoid the need for testing changes in production
- D. To ensure the changes are verified and validated in a production environment

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

It is recommended to deploy from your feature branch before merging into the main branch to ensure the changes are verified and validated in a production environment. This practice helps in identifying any potential issues or bugs in a real-world scenario before the changes are permanently integrated into the main branch. By deploying from the feature

branch, developers can catch and address issues early, reducing the risk of introducing bugs into the main branch, which is usually considered the stable branch.

NEW QUESTION: 14

Which of the following are displayed in the "Pinned Repositories" section of a GitHub user profile?

- A.** Repositories with the most recent activity
- B.** Repositories that were personally selected to be highlighted
- C.** Repositories that are owned by organizations in which the user is a member
- D.** Repositories with the highest number of stars

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

The "Pinned Repositories" section of a GitHub user profile displays repositories that were personally selected to be highlighted by the user. Users can choose which repositories they want to feature prominently on their profile, regardless of recent activity, star count, or organizational ownership.

NEW QUESTION: 15

Which of the following can be performed within GitHub Desktop?

- A.** Creating and managing issues
- B.** Reviewing and approving pull requests
- C.** Adding and cloning repositories
- D.** Commenting on discussions
- E.** Integrating with office suite software

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

GitHub Desktop is a graphical interface that allows users to interact with GitHub repositories. It simplifies certain Git operations without the need for command-line usage.

GitHub Desktop Capabilities:

Option C is correct because GitHub Desktop allows users to add local repositories to their GitHub account, clone repositories from GitHub to their local machine, and manage repositories effectively.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because GitHub Desktop does not support creating or managing issues directly; this is done through the GitHub web interface.

Option B is incorrect because reviewing and approving pull requests is also managed through the GitHub web interface.

Option D is incorrect because commenting on discussions is done on the GitHub platform, not through GitHub Desktop.

Option E is incorrect because GitHub Desktop does not integrate with office suite software.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: GitHub Desktop Documentation

NEW QUESTION: 16

Where should a repository admin navigate to view pre-built visualizations from repository data?

- A. Settings
- B. Issues
- C. Insights
- D. Charts

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

GitHub provides repository admins with a feature called "Insights" where they can view various pre-built visualizations and analytics related to the repository.

Insights:

Option C is correct because the "Insights" tab in a GitHub repository offers various pre-built visualizations, including contributions, traffic, code frequency, dependency graphs, and more. This helps admins and maintainers track the project's activity and health.

Other Options:

Option A (Settings) is incorrect because the Settings tab is where you configure repository settings, permissions, and integrations, but it does not provide visualizations of repository data.

Option B (Issues) is incorrect because the Issues tab is used for tracking bugs, enhancements, and other tasks but does not provide data visualizations.

Option D (Charts) is incorrect as there is no "Charts" tab or section in GitHub. The correct location for data visualizations is under "Insights." Reference:

GitHub Docs: Viewing Repository Insights

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NEW QUESTION: 17

Which of the following two-factor authentication (2FA) methods can you use to secure a GitHub account?

(Each answer presents a complete solution. Choose three.)

- A. Authenticator app
- B. Security questions
- C. GitHub mobile
- D. Security keys

E. Single sign-on

Answer: A,C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

The following two-factor authentication (2FA) methods can be used to secure a GitHub account:

A . Authenticator app: You can use an authenticator app (like Google Authenticator or Authy) to generate time-based one-time passwords (TOTP) for logging in.

C . GitHub mobile: The GitHub mobile app can also be used to receive 2FA codes, adding convenience for users who prefer to manage everything from their mobile devices.

D . Security keys: Physical security keys (such as YubiKeys) can be used as a strong form of 2FA, requiring physical access to the key to authenticate.

Security questions and Single sign-on (SSO) are not considered 2FA methods in the context of GitHub account security.

NEW QUESTION: 18

Which of the following GitHub syntax formats is consistent with the associated text?

A. * This is a heading

B. This is a link

C. <!-- This is a comment -->

D. This is bolded text

E. 1. This is an ordered list

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

GitHub supports various syntax formats that align with Markdown and HTML conventions.

Here's a breakdown of the provided options:

Comment Syntax:

Option C is correct. The syntax <!-- This is a comment --> is used in Markdown files to insert comments. These comments will not be rendered in the final output, making them useful for adding notes or instructions within the code or documentation.

Incorrect Options:

Option A (* This is a heading) is incorrect because an asterisk (*) denotes an unordered list item, not a heading. A heading in Markdown is typically created with one or more hash symbols (#).

Option B (This is a link) is incorrect because this is plain text and not the syntax for creating a link. The correct syntax would be [This is a link](URL).

Option D (This is bolded text) is incorrect because this is plain text, not the correct Markdown syntax for bold text, which should be ****This is bolded text**** or __This is bolded text__.

Option E (1. This is an ordered list) is incorrect as it does represent an ordered list item, but it was not the syntax format asked about in the question. The question specifically focuses on matching associated text with syntax, where only the comment option is correct.

Reference:

GitHub Flavored Markdown (GFM)

GitHub Docs: Basic writing and formatting syntax

NEW QUESTION: 19

Where can you go to discover, browse, and install tools?

- A. GitHub Marketplace
- B. GitHub Apps
- C. Organization settings
- D. Explore

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The GitHub Marketplace is the place where users can discover, browse, and install various tools and integrations that extend the functionality of GitHub. These tools can include CI/CD services, security checks, and other development utilities that enhance workflow automation and project management.

NEW QUESTION: 20

Which of the following describes a branch in Git?

- A. A pointer to an identical snapshot of the project at a specific point in time
- B. A physical copy of the entire project stored on disk
- C. A separate, isolated copy of the project's codebase
- D. A new repository that shares code with the original "upstream" repository

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

In Git, a branch is a fundamental concept that represents an independent line of development within a project. Here's a more detailed explanation:

Branch in Git:

Option C is correct because a branch in Git is essentially a separate, isolated copy of the project's codebase where you can make changes without affecting the main codebase. Branches allow developers to work on features, fixes, or experiments in parallel to the main project.

Other Options:

Option A is incorrect because while a branch does point to a specific commit (which represents a snapshot of the project), the description lacks the emphasis on the isolated and parallel development aspect that is critical to the understanding of branches.

Option B is incorrect because a branch is not a physical copy stored on disk; it is a logical reference within the repository.

Option D is incorrect because that description better fits the concept of a fork, not a branch. A fork is a new repository that is a copy of another repository, usually used to contribute back to the original ("upstream") repository.

Reference:

Git Documentation: Branches in a Nutshell

GitHub Docs: Understanding the GitHub Flow

NEW QUESTION: 21

Which of the following steps are part of the Codespaces lifecycle?

(Each answer presents a complete solution. Choose three.)

- A. Commit
- B. Clone
- C. Rebuild
- D. Rollback
- E. Delete
- F. Create
- G. Install

Answer: [\(SHOW ANSWER\)](#)

The Codespaces lifecycle on GitHub includes several key steps:

Create: This is the step where a new Codespace is initiated.

Rebuild: A Codespace can be rebuilt to ensure that the environment is up-to-date with the latest code or configurations.

Delete: Once a Codespace is no longer needed, it can be deleted to free up resources.

Committing, cloning, or installing are typical Git operations but are not considered part of the specific lifecycle steps for a GitHub Codespace.

NEW QUESTION: 22

Which of the following options can a user do from a discussion post?

- A. Duplicate the discussion
- B. Archive the discussion
- C. Create an issue from the discussion
- D. Add the discussion to README

Answer: [C \(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

From a discussion post on GitHub, a user can Create an issue from the discussion. This feature allows users to turn a discussion into an actionable item by creating an issue directly from the discussion thread. This is particularly useful when a conversation identifies a bug, task, or enhancement that needs to be tracked in the repository.

NEW QUESTION: 23

Which of the following options is available as a default Discussion category?

- A. Bug report
- B. Daily check-in
- C. Show and tell
- D. Security concern

Answer: [C \(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

In GitHub Discussions, several default categories are provided to help organize conversations within a project. One of the default categories is Show and tell. This

category is designed for users to showcase their work, share progress, or discuss achievements with the community. The other options listed (Bug report, Daily check-in, Security concern) are not default categories but could be custom categories created by the repository maintainers.

NEW QUESTION: 24

Workflows can reference actions in:

(Each correct answer presents a complete solution. Choose three.)

- A. Any public repository.
- B. The same repository as your workflow file.
- C. GitHub Packages.
- D. An enterprise marketplace.
- E. A published Docker container image on Docker Hub.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

As mentioned in the answer to Question no. 66, GitHub Actions workflows can reference actions from a variety of sources:

Any Public Repository:

Option A is correct. Actions can be sourced from any public GitHub repository.

The Same Repository as Your Workflow File:

Option B is correct. Actions within the same repository as the workflow file can be referenced directly.

A Published Docker Container Image on Docker Hub:

Option E is correct. Workflows can also use actions provided as Docker container images from Docker Hub.

Incorrect Options:

Option C and D are not relevant for directly referencing actions in workflows.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Reusing Workflows

NEW QUESTION: 25

Which of the following are advantages of saved replies?

(Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose two.)

- A. Saved replies are tied to a GitHub user's personal account.
- B. Saved replies are allocated at the enterprise level for all users.
- C. Saved replies allow you to create a reusable response to issues and pull requests.
- D. Saved replies will send auto notifications when a user is tagged to an issue.

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

Saved replies in GitHub are a feature that allows users to create and save templates of commonly used responses for issues and pull requests. This feature can significantly enhance productivity and ensure consistent communication.

Saved Replies Are Tied to a User's Personal Account:

Option A is correct because saved replies are specific to a user's GitHub account, meaning they are accessible to the user across all repositories they have access to.

Saved Replies Allow Reusable Responses:

Option C is correct because the primary purpose of saved replies is to allow users to create reusable responses for issues and pull requests, saving time and ensuring consistency.

Incorrect Options:

Option B is incorrect because saved replies are not allocated at the enterprise level; they are specific to individual user accounts.

Option D is incorrect because saved replies do not send auto notifications; they are manually inserted by the user when responding to issues or pull requests.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: Using Saved Replies

NEW QUESTION: 26

Which of the following best describes cloning a repository?

- A. It creates a copy of the repository on GitHub.com.
- B. It retrieves code updates from the remote repository.
- C. It creates a copy of the repository on your local machine.
- D. It imports your source code into a new repository.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

Cloning a repository in GitHub refers to creating a copy of the repository on your local machine. This allows you to work on the project offline, make changes, and later push those changes back to the remote repository. It does not involve creating a copy on GitHub.com (which would be forking), retrieving updates (which would be pulling), or importing source code into a new repository (which is done differently).

NEW QUESTION: 27

Which of the following best describes GitHub Pages?

- A. Webpages hosted and published through GitHub repositories
- B. Handles pagination for API requests
- C. Hosts long-form documentation about your project
- D. Curated guides around how to use GitHub products

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

GitHub Pages is a feature provided by GitHub that allows you to create webpages hosted and published through GitHub repositories. It is commonly used for hosting project documentation, personal websites, or blogs directly from a GitHub repository. It integrates seamlessly with the repository, making it easy to deploy and manage website content.

NEW QUESTION: 28

What is the primary purpose of creating a new branch in the GitHub flow?

- A. To create a backup of the main branch
- B. To capture information about an issue
- C. To experiment with new features or fixes
- D. To incorporate changes from a review

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

In GitHub Flow, creating a new branch is a key step in the development process that allows for isolated development of new features or fixes without affecting the main codebase.

Experimenting with New Features or Fixes:

Option C is correct. The primary purpose of creating a new branch in the GitHub flow is to provide a safe space to experiment with new features or fixes. This allows developers to work on changes independently and only merge them into the main branch after they have been reviewed and approved.

Incorrect Options:

Option A (To create a backup of the main branch) is incorrect because branches are not typically used for backups; they are for active development.

Option B (To capture information about an issue) is incorrect because issues are tracked separately; branches are for code changes.

Option D (To incorporate changes from a review) is incorrect because incorporating changes is done during the pull request process, not when creating a branch.

Reference:

GitHub Docs: GitHub Flow

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