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NEW QUESTION: 1

As per company policy, all administrator level accounts need to have their password changed on a regular basis. The cloudadmin@vmc.local account password is changed by an administrator from the vSphere Client.

Another administrator is using the credentials in the VMware Cloud console and gets an 'access denied' error.

What could be the problem?

- A. The password change email confirmation has NOT been approved by the organization owner.
- B. The password should only be changed through the VMware Cloud console.
- C. The new password is NOT synchronized with the password that is displayed for the Default vCenter user account.
- D. The password should be changed by escalation of privileges.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The problem could be that the new password is not synchronized with the password that is displayed for the Default vCenter user account. The administrator must make sure that the same password is used in both the vSphere Client and the VMware Cloud console in order for the user to access the account.

Changing the password in one place does not automatically change it in the other, so this must be done manually.

NEW QUESTION: 2

A Cloud Administrator is looking to migrate several dozen workloads from their on-premises location to a VMware public cloud using VMWare -- need to be stretched for the migration. They will also be utilizing the capabilities of the WAN application for the migration.

HCX appliance requirements are as follows:

HCX Manager: 4 vCPU, 128GB Memory

HCX-IX Interconnect: 8 vCPU, 3GB Memory

HCX network Extension: 8 vCPU, 3GB Memory

HCX WAN Optimization: 8 vCPU, 14GB Memory

What are the on-premises vCPU and Memory component requirements for the VMWare HCX deployment?

- A. 28 vCPUs, 32GB of memory
- B. 32 vCPUs, 40GB of memory
- C. 36 vCPUs, 35GB of memory
- D. 30 vCPUs, 36GB of memory

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-HCX/4.6/hcx-user-guide/GUID-D64901F4-6AB4-4820-9303-27927648A34D.html>

NEW QUESTION: 3

Which statement most accurately describes the service features of VMware Cloud on Dell EMC?

(Select one option)

- A. Dell technicians perform all software maintenance, as well as hardware fixes.
- B. When an onsite response is required to fix a problem related to a host, a Dell technician must arrive on site within 24 hours.
- C. An SDDC includes a minimum of one rack with three hosts. You can add hosts to the rack, up to the maximum supported by the rack.
- D. VMwareSite Recovery is included as part of the initial service offering.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The statement that most accurately describes the service features of VMware Cloud on Dell EMC is C.

An SDDC includes a minimum of one rack with three hosts. You can add hosts to the rack, up to the maximum supported by the rack. An SDDC consists of a rack with a minimum of three hosts, which can then be expanded up to the maximum supported by the rack. VMware Site Recovery is not included as part of the initial service offering.

VMware Cloud on Dell EMC provides a service that enables customers to run their VMware-based workloads on Dell EMC's hardware, in a jointly-engineered and fully-supported environment. The service allows customers to deploy a fully-configured VMware SDDC on Dell EMC VxRail or VxRack SDDC systems, with the option to add more hosts to the rack as needed.

NEW QUESTION: 4

A cloud administrator is asked to validate a proposed internetworking design that will provide connectivity to a VMware Cloud on AWS environment from multiple company locations. The following requirements must be met:

- A. Any network traffic between on-premises company locations must be sent over a private IP address space.
- B. Connectivity the VMware Cloud on AWS environment must support high-throughput data transfer.
- C. Connectivity the VMware Cloud on AWS environment must NOT have a single point of failure.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 5

Which statement describes the VMware Multi-Cloud vision?

- A. Flexibility to operate globally and consistently
- B. Flexibility to choose any hardware vendor
- C. Flexibility to manage infrastructure through outsourcing
- D. Flexibility to choose any hypervisor

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://www.vmware.com/cloud-solutions/multi-cloud.html>

Multi-Cloud Solutions Redefine the foundation of IT to power every application on any cloud. With Multi- Cloud solutions from VMware, you can migrate to the cloud without recoding your apps, modernize your infrastructure, and operate consistently across the data center, the edge, and any cloud.

NEW QUESTION: 6

vRealize Operations Cloud can be integrated with which two other VMware solutions? (Choose two.)

- A. vRealize Lifecycle Manager
- B. vRealize Network Insight Cloud
- C. vRealize Log Insight

D. vRealize Log Insight Cloud

E. vRealize Automation

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

VMware vRealize Operations Cloud integrates seamlessly with various VMware solutions to provide comprehensive monitoring, analytics, and optimization across cloud environments. Two notable integrations include:

- * vRealize Network Insight Cloud:

- * Integration Overview: vRealize Operations Cloud can be integrated with vRealize Network Insight Cloud to enhance network-aware troubleshooting by surfacing network events as alerts within vRealize Operations. This integration enables administrators to gain deeper insights into network performance and security, facilitating proactive issue resolution.

- * Benefits:

- * Enhanced Visibility: Provides comprehensive visibility into network flows and dependencies.

- * Proactive Alerting: Generates alerts based on network anomalies detected by vRealize Network Insight Cloud.

- * Simplified Troubleshooting: Allows for seamless drill-down into network-related issues directly from vRealize Operations Cloud.

NEW QUESTION: 7

A cloud administrator is managing a VMware Cloud on AWS environment consisting of a single cluster with six hosts. There have been no changes made to the Elastic DRS configuration.

In which two situations will Elastic DRS add another host to the cluster? (Choose two.)

A. When availability zone failure occurs

B. When memory utilization reaches 90%

C. When network utilization reaches 90%

D. When CPU utilization reaches 90%

E. When storage utilization reaches 80%

Answer: **A,E** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws-operations/GUID-961C4B32-6093-4C2E-AFE5-5B1F56BF4EEE.html>

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws-operations/GUID-961C4B32-6093-4C2E-AFE5-5B1F56BF4EEE.html#:~:text=In%20a%20new%20SDDC%2C%20Elastic,AWS%20Availability%20Zone%20failure%20occurs.>

NEW QUESTION: 8

Which types of networks are available when creating a segment in VMware Cloud on AWS?

A. Routed, Extended, Disconnected

B. Advertised, Extended, Isolated

C. Routed, Stretched, Disconnected

D. Advertised, Stretched, Isolated

Answer: **A** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

VMware Cloud on AWS GovCloud supports three types of network segments: routed, extended and disconnected.

Routed networks: Routed networks allow you to route traffic between the on-premises data center and the VMware Cloud on AWS environment using a VPN or AWS Direct Connect.

Extended networks: Extended networks allow you to extend the on-premises network to the VMware Cloud on AWS environment using VXLAN. This type of network allows you to extend the on-premises VLANs to the cloud environment, providing a seamless network extension.

Disconnected networks: Disconnected networks are used when there is no direct connectivity between the on-premises data center and the VMware Cloud on AWS environment. This type of network allows you to create isolated networks in the cloud environment for specific use cases, such as disaster recovery or testing.

[https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS-GovCloud-\(US\)/services/vmc-govcloud-networking-security/GUID-7E79585B-1487-454A-90FE-BA82D3122C0E.html](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS-GovCloud-(US)/services/vmc-govcloud-networking-security/GUID-7E79585B-1487-454A-90FE-BA82D3122C0E.html)

NEW QUESTION: 9

A cloud administrator is in the process of troubleshooting a non-compliant object.

How can the administrator change a VM storage policy for an ISO image?

- A. Attach the ISO Image to a virtual machine.
- B. Modify the default VM storage policy.
- C. Apply a new VM storage policy.
- D. Modify the default VM storage policy and recreate the ISO image.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

A VM storage policy is a set of rules that defines the storage requirements for a virtual machine or an object. A cloud administrator can create and apply different VM storage policies for different types of objects, such as virtual disks, ISO images, snapshots, etc¹. Applying a new VM storage policy to an object will change its compliance status and trigger a reconfiguration task to move the object to a compatible datastore¹.

Modifying the default VM storage policy will affect all the objects that use it, which may not be desirable.

Recreating the ISO image is unnecessary and time-consuming. Attaching the ISO image to a virtual machine will not change its storage policy¹.

NEW QUESTION: 10

A cloud administrator wants to deploy a VMware Cloud software-defined data center (SDDC) on a cloud provider and requires a consistent 4.5 Gbps bandwidth from applications to communicate from on-premises to the SDDC.

Which type of connection should be used for this type of traffic?

- A. Policy-based virtual private network (VPN)
- B. Private L2 virtual private network (VPN)
- C. Route-based virtual private network (VPN)
- D. Private line

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#)**)**

The best option for a cloud administrator who wants to deploy a VMware Cloud software-defined data center (SDDC) on a cloud provider and requires a consistent 4.5 Gbps bandwidth from applications to communicate from on-premises to the SDDC is a Route-Based Virtual Private Network (VPN). This type of connection offers enhanced performance [1][2], flexibility, scalability, and security compared to other options, such as Policy-Based Virtual Private Network (VPN), Private L2 Virtual Private Network (VPN), or Private Line.

According to the VMware official site, "Route-based VPN enables a secure connection between two or more sites, or between a site and a mobile user, and provides better performance and scalability than a policy-based VPN. Route-based VPNs are also more secure than policy-based VPNs, because the traffic is encrypted with a unique encryption key for each tunnel, rather than relying on a shared key for all tunnels. This allows for secure and reliable connections for devices and applications located in different physical locations." [1]

[1] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-NSX-Data-Center/2.4/com.vmware.nsx.admin.doc/GUID-D6B7B9E9-E134-4C8A-8F2E-1C60A2FEDC1A.html>

NEW QUESTION: 11

Which two statements depict the VMware Multi-cloud Vision? (Choose two)

- A. Deliver a consistent management and operations layer across any cloud
- B. Run the workloads in the cloud to eliminate security issues.
- C. Standardize at the DevSecOps and infrastructure level.
- D. Reduce the number of developers to increase productivity

E. Modernize applications in the cloud of choice using the cloud-native services of that cloud provider

Answer: A,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

VMware Multi-Cloud Vision enables customers to deliver a consistent management and operations layer across any cloud, and to modernize applications in the cloud of choice using the cloud-native services of that cloud provider. It does not run workloads in the cloud to eliminate security issues, standardize at the DevSecOps and infrastructure level, or reduce the number of developers to increase productivity.

NEW QUESTION: 12

When configuring VMware Cloud Disaster Recovery (VCDR), with what can protection groups and disaster recovery plans be associated?

- A. Only a single vCenter Instance In the on-premises data center or VMware Cloud software-defined data center (SDDC).
- B. Multiple vCenter instances in the same VMware Cloud software-defined data center (SDDC) or on- premises data center.
- C. Multiple vCenter instances in the same VMware Cloud software-defined data center (SDDC) or only a single vCenter in the on-premises data center.
- D. Only a single vCenter Instance in the VMware Cloud software-defined data center (SDDC) or multiple vCenter Instances In the on-premises data center.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

vCenter Mapping Mapping vCenters in a DR plan consists of selecting source vCenters that are registered to the protected site. Choosing a target vCenter for a Failover SDDC is simple; each SDDC contains a single vCenter instance. For VMware Cloud Disaster Recovery, keep in mind that a protected site can have multiple registered vCenters, but you can only map one vCenter on VMware Cloud on AWS per-DR plan. <https://vmc.techzone.vmware.com/resource/introduction-vmware-cloud-disaster-recovery#inventory-and-resource-mapping>
<https://vmc.techzone.vmware.com/resource/protection-groups-and-recovery-plans-vcdr#create-a-disaster-recovery-plan>

NEW QUESTION: 13

Which two use cases can be met with VMware Cloud on Dell EMC and VMware Cloud on AWS Outposts? (Choose two.)

- A. Administrator rights in SDDC Manager to configure and operate the solution
- B. Ability to create public services
- C. Applications needing local data processing and/or low latency integrations
- D. Critical workloads that use restricted data
- E. On demand rapid scalability

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

The two use cases that can be met with VMware Cloud on Dell EMC and VMware Cloud on AWS Outposts are Option C: Applications needing local data processing and/or low latency integrations, and Option D: Critical workloads that use restricted data.

VMware Cloud on Dell EMC and VMware Cloud on AWS Outposts both provide local data processing and low latency integrations, making them ideal for applications that require quick and efficient access to data. Additionally, the highly secure infrastructure of both solutions make them a great choice for critical workloads that use restricted data.

For more information, please refer to the official VMware documentation on VMware Cloud on Dell EMC:

<https://www.vmware.com/products/vmware-cloud-on-dellemc.html> And the official VMware documentation on VMware Cloud on AWS Outposts: <https://www.vmware.com/products/vmware-cloud-on-aws-outposts.html>

NEW QUESTION: 14

An administrator has been tasked to deploy vRealize Operations. The corporate policy states that DHCP should be used whenever supported. Which two types of node support DHCP? (Choose two.)

- A. Worker Node
- B. Replica Node
- C. Data Node
- D. Remote Collector

E. Primary Node

Answer: D,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

In vRealize Operations (vROps), certain node types support the use of Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) for IP address assignment, while others require static IP addresses.

Node Types Supporting DHCP:

- * Remote Collector (D):

- * Explanation: Remote collector nodes gather data from monitored environments and forward it to the analytics cluster. They can be configured to use DHCP for IP address assignment.

- * Data Node (C):

- * Explanation: Data nodes are part of the analytics cluster, handling data processing and storage.

They can also be configured to use DHCP for IP address assignment.

Node Types Requiring Static IP Addresses:

- * Primary Node (E): The primary node manages the cluster and requires a static IP address to ensure consistent communication and management.

- * Replica Node (B): If configured for high availability, the replica node mirrors the primary node and also requires a static IP address.

References:

- * For detailed networking requirements and node configurations, consult VMware's official documentation: vRealize Operations Cluster Node Networking Requirements

NEW QUESTION: 15

When preparing to deploy VMware Cloud on Dell EMC or VMware Cloud on AWS Outposts In a data center, which two physical constraints must be considered? (Choose two.)

A. Having enough existing rack space for the components

B. Distance between loading dock and datacenter

C. Size of the doorways between loading dock and datacenter

D. Having enough people to carry the equipment

E. Floor and elevator weight capacity between loading dock and datacenter

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

<https://aws.amazon.com/vmware/outposts/faqs/>

When deploying VMware Cloud on Dell EMC or VMware Cloud on AWS Outposts in a data center, it is important to consider the amount of existing rack space available for the components, as well as the floor and elevator weight capacity between the loading dock and the data center. The distance between the loading dock and the data center, the size of the doorways between the loading dock and the data center, and the number of people available to carry the equipment are not relevant factors to consider.

NEW QUESTION: 16

Which statements accurately describe gateway firewalls and distributed firewalls? (Select two options)

A. Gateway firewalls and distributed firewalls can share the same sets of rules and policies.

B. Only gateway firewalls use stateful rules.

C. A distributed firewall controls the I/O path to and from a VM's virtual NIC.

D. A gateway firewall protects north-south traffic.

Answer: B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Gateway firewalls are used to protect east-west traffic, while distributed firewalls control the I/O path to and from a VM's virtual NIC. Furthermore, gateway firewalls and distributed firewalls cannot share the same sets of rules and policies.

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NEW QUESTION: 17

A user is assigned the CloudAdmin role in a VMware Cloud on AWS software-defined data center (SDDC). At which level in the inventory hierarchy can the user deploy virtual machines?

- A. vsanDatastore in the Storage view
- B. Compute-ResourcePool in the Hosts and Clusters view
- C. Discovered virtual machine folder in the VMs and Templates view
- D. Mgmt-ResourcePool in the Hosts and Clusters view

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

This would enable the user to have the necessary permissions to deploy virtual machines - and thus, would ensure that all of the necessary virtual machines are deployed in a timely and efficient manner.

VMware Cloud on AWS Documentation: "Deployment of virtual machines"

VMware Cloud on AWS Documentation: "Creating virtual machines with the VMware Cloud on AWS console" VMware Cloud on AWS Documentation: "Managing virtual machines with the VMware Cloud on AWS console"

NEW QUESTION: 18

An administrator looking to add a new FQDN of vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager in the VMware Identity Manager catalogue. Which action does the administrator need to take?

- A. Sync FQDN and re-register with VMware Identity Manager
- B. Update authentication provider and re-sync FQDN
- C. Delete vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager and redeploy it
- D. Recreate authentication provider and sync VMware Identity Manager

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

To add a new FQDN of vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager in the VMware Identity Manager catalog, the administrator needs to sync the FQDN and re-register with VMware Identity Manager . This involves updating the FQDN in vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager and then initiating a synchronization process with VMware Identity Manager to reflect the changes in the catalog.

NEW QUESTION: 19

Which three types of gateways can be found in VMware cloud on AWS (Choose three?)

- A. Distributed Tier-1
- B. Standard Tier-1
- C. Tire-0
- D. Compute Tier-1
- E. Management Tire-1
- F. Management Tire-0

Answer: A,B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The three types of gateways that can be found in VMware Cloud on AWS are Option A: Distributed Tier-1, Option B: Standard Tier-1, and Option D: Compute Tier-1.

Distributed Tier-1 gateways are used for secure access between on-premises networks and the VMware Cloud on AWS SDDC network. Standard Tier-1 gateways are used for secure access between the VMware Cloud on AWS SDDC network and the public internet. Compute Tier-1 gateways are used for secure access between the workloads running on the VMware Cloud on AWS SDDC and the public internet.

For more information, please refer to the official VMware documentation on VMware Cloud on AWS Gateways: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.networking/GUID-1F2D1BFC-F5C7-4534-8B49-39F9D08E7F1A.html>

NEW QUESTION: 20

A cloud administrator is tasked with moving critical business workloads between two VMware Cloud on AWS software-defined data centers (SDDCs) located in different geographical regions.

The following requirements must be met:

- * Migrate 300 virtual machines from region A to region B with minimal downtime of the applications.
- * Non-disruptively resume application access of the targeted virtual machines in the event the migration fails.
- * Support concurrent switch over of the application workloads to occur during a pre-defined maintenance window.

Which VMware HCX migration type should be used to meet these requirements?

- A. VMware HCX Cold Migration
- B. VMware HCX Bulk Migration
- C. VMware HCX vMotion
- D. VMware HCX Replication Assisted vMotion

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-HCX/4.5/hcx-user-guide/GUID-741F47D5-A3C9-4D74-9672-E54D8791D8F0.html>

"VMware HCX Replication Assisted vMotion (RAV) uses the HCX Interconnect appliance along with replication and vMotion technologies to provide large scale, parallel migrations with zero downtime." Understanding VMware HCX Replication Assisted vMotion: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-HCX/4.6/hcx-user-guide/GUID-741F47D5-A3C9-4D74-9672-E54D8791D8F0.html#GUID-741F47D5-A3C9-4D74-9672-E54D8791D8F0>

NEW QUESTION: 21

What are two incident management services included in the VMware Cloud on AWS service management process? (Choose two)

- A. VMware Tools management
- B. Incident Management
- C. Microsoft License management
- D. Capacity management
- E. Workload OS management

Answer: B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The two incident management services included in the VMware Cloud on AWS Service Management process are Incident Management and Capacity Management.

Incident Management is responsible for detecting, classifying, and resolving incidents quickly and effectively. It includes monitoring and alerting, incident response, and problem management.

Capacity Management is responsible for predicting, measuring, and managing the capacity of the infrastructure. It includes capacity planning, performance analysis, and resource optimization.

Reference: [1] <https://www.vmware.com/content/dam/digitalmarketing/vmware/en/pdf/cloud-management/vmware-cloud-on-aws-service-management-process.pdf> [2]

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.admin.doc/GUID-684D1A84-C57F-4EC1-8A18-7A9A9EB9B7FF.html>

NEW QUESTION: 22

Which solution would an administrator use to manage the lifecycle operations of Tanzu Kubernetes clusters?

- A. VMware Tanzu Service Mesh
- B. VMware vSphere Lifecycle Manager
- C. VMware Tanzu Observability by Wavefront
- D. VMware Tanzu Kubernetes Grid

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

VMware Tanzu Kubernetes Grid is described as a comprehensive solution for operating Kubernetes- based applications in production, as well as creating, scaling and managing clusters. It provides a centralized control plane for managing the lifecycle operations of Tanzu Kubernetes clusters. (Source: <https://tanzu.vmware.com/kubernetes>)

NEW QUESTION: 23

An administrator is setting up vSphere integration for syslog collection from ESXi hosts in vRealize Log Insight. Which one is the correct permission required in vSphere?

- A.** Security profile and firewall Configuration
- B.** Host.Configuration.Change Settings
- C.** Host.Network Configuration.Configuration
- D.** Configuration.AdvancedSettmgs.Host

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

To set up vSphere integration for syslog collection from ESXi hosts in vRealize Log Insight, the required permission in vSphere is Configuration.AdvancedSettings.Host.

Explanation:

- * Configuration.AdvancedSettings.Host:

- * This permission allows modification of advanced host settings, including configuring syslog parameters necessary for directing ESXi logs to vRealize Log Insight.

Steps to Assign Permission:

- * Access vSphere Client:

- * Log in to the vSphere Client with administrative privileges.

- * Navigate to Host Permissions:

- * Select the ESXi host or cluster where you want to assign the permission.

- * Go to the Permissions tab.

- * Assign Role with Required Permission:

- * Create a new role or modify an existing one to include the Configuration.AdvancedSettings.

Host privilege.

- * Assign this role to the user or group responsible for configuring the syslog settings.

NEW QUESTION: 24

An administrator is tasked with installing vRealize Log Insight using vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM). They have been instructed to use DHCP for the deployment.

Which statement about this scenario is correct?

- A.** DHCP addresses are only supported for vRealize Log Insight worker nodes
- B.** DHCP addresses are only supported for the duster virtual IP address (VIP)
- C.** A default gateway does not need to be supplied for the deployment
- D.** Static IP addresses are required for any product deployment in vRSLCM

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM) requires static IP addresses for deploying products, including vRealize Log Insight. This ensures consistent network configuration and reliable communication between deployed components. Using DHCP can lead to IP address changes, causing potential connectivity issues.

Key Points:

- * Static IP Requirement: All product deployments via vRSLCM necessitate static IP addresses to maintain network stability and manageability.

- * Deployment Configuration: During the deployment process, you'll be prompted to enter network details, including IP addresses, which should be static to comply with best practices.

Adhering to this requirement ensures that your vRealize Log Insight deployment operates smoothly within your network infrastructure.

NEW QUESTION: 25

A cloud administrator wants to view and manage workloads across both an on-premises environment and a VMware Cloud on AWS software-defined data center (SDDC).

Which solution meets this requirement?

- A. Hybrid Linked Mode
- B. Enhanced Linked Mode
- C. VMware HCX
- D. vCenter Single Sign-On

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

VMware HCX is a cloud migration and workload mobility solution that allows you to view and manage workloads across both an on-premises environment and a VMware Cloud on AWS software-defined data center (SDDC). It provides a secure [1], cross-cloud network bridge between your on-premises environment and VMware Cloud on AWS, allowing you to move workloads between the two environments with minimal effort. It also provides a unified view of both environments, allowing administrators to monitor and manage workloads across clouds from a single pane of glass. [1]

[1] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.hybrid-cloud-extension/GUID-E7CD1DDB-1C9F-4B88-AD41-D867E2C735D3.html>

NEW QUESTION: 26

A vRealize Log Insight (vRLI) administrator wants to search archived logs for certain events. What are the required steps to provide the administrator the ability to search the log messages?

- A. SSH into the vRLI appliance, install vRU tools, then import the archive using CLI from NFS share to the vRU appliance.
- B. SSH into the NFS server, mount the archiving partition, then import the archive using CLI to vRLI appliance.
- C. SSH into the vRLI appliance, mount the archiving NFS share then import the archive using CLI.
- D. SSH into the NFS server, install vRU tools, then import the archive using CLI from NFS share to the vRLI appliance.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

To search archived logs in vRealize Log Insight (vRLI), an administrator needs to follow these steps:

* C. SSH into the vRLI appliance, mount the archiving NFS share then import the archive using CLI : This involves establishing an SSH connection to the vRLI appliance, mounting the NFS share where the archived logs are stored, and then using the loginsight repository import command to import the logs into vRLI. This process makes the archived logs searchable within the vRLI interface.

NEW QUESTION: 27

A customer identifies consumption-based ransomware protection as a primary business requirement.

Which VMware solution offers long-term immutable point-in-time recovery options?

- A. VMware vSphere Replication
- B. VMware Site Recovery
- C. VMware Cloud Disaster Recovery
- D. VMware vSphere Data Protection

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The VMware solution that offers long-term immutable point-in-time recovery options is VMware Cloud Disaster Recovery (CDR). CDR offers continuous data protection and point-in-time recovery options with up to 30 days of retention. It also provides a secure and immutable copy of your data that is stored in the cloud and can be used to recover from ransomware attacks.

NEW QUESTION: 28

Which two support bundle types are available in vRealize Log Insight? (Choose two.)

- A. Light Support Bundle
- B. Static Support Bundle
- C. Standard Support Bundle

D. Streaming Support Bundle

E. Full Support Bundle

Answer: A,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

In vRealize Log Insight, when generating support bundles for troubleshooting or support purposes, two types are available:

* Light Support Bundle:

* Description: A minimal support bundle that includes essential log and configuration files.

* Use Case: Suitable for initial diagnostics where only basic information is required.

* Streaming Support Bundle:

* Description: A support bundle that streams data directly to the client without storing it locally on the vRealize Log Insight appliance.

* Use Case: Ideal for environments with limited disk space or when immediate data transfer is necessary.

These support bundle types assist administrators in efficiently collecting diagnostic information tailored to specific needs.

References:

* [Download a vRealize Log Insight Support Bundle](#)

NEW QUESTION: 29

When using vRealize Lifecycle Manager to capture content from a vRealize Operations endpoint, which three statements are correct regarding the content sync? (Choose three.)

A. An auto refresh of content list runs in the background every 15 minutes.

B. The UI retrieves the content every time from the endpoint when opening the endpoint.

C. An auto refresh of content list runs in the background every 30 minutes.

D. The UI retrieves the content from the endpoint when listing the content for the first time.

E. Select the "Get latest" content option to retrieve the content in between automatic sync timers.

F. Select the "Get latest" content option to retrieve the content, before the initial sync.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

When capturing content from a vRealize Operations endpoint in vRealize Lifecycle Manager, the following statements are correct regarding content sync:

* A. An auto refresh of content list runs in the background every 15 minutes : vRealize Lifecycle Manager automatically refreshes the content list in the background every 15 minutes to ensure that the displayed content is up-to-date.

* D. The UI retrieves the content from the endpoint when listing the content for the first time :

When you initially access the content list for a vRealize Operations endpoint, vRealize Lifecycle Manager retrieves the content from the endpoint.

* E. Select the "Get latest" content option to retrieve the content in between automatic sync timers :

If you need to refresh the content list before the next automatic sync, you can manually retrieve the latest content by selecting the "Get latest" option.

The following statements are incorrect:

* B. The UI retrieves the content every time from the endpoint when opening the endpoint: The UI only retrieves the content from the endpoint for the initial listing and subsequent automatic refreshes.

* C. An auto refresh of content list runs in the background every 30 minutes: The automatic refresh occurs every 15 minutes, not 30 minutes.

* F. Select the "Get latest" content option to retrieve the content, before the initial sync: The "Get latest" option is used to refresh the content after the initial sync has already occurred.

NEW QUESTION: 30

VMware Engine cloud administrator is tasked with ensuring that a dedicated, secure, high-speed, and low-latency connection exists between an on-premises VMware Engine.

Which two options are available for Google Cloud VMware Engine? (Choose two.)

A. Partner Interconnect

B. Global Reach

- C. Dedicated Interconnect
- D. ExpressRoute
- E. Direct Connect

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

<https://cloud.google.com/architecture/private-cloud-networking-for-vmware-engine> Dedicated Interconnect provides a private [1][2], dedicated connection between your on-premises network and Google's network. It offers low latency, high bandwidth, and a secure connection. Partner Interconnect provides a connection to Google Cloud Platform through a partner's network, such as a service provider or a carrier. It offers the same low latency, high bandwidth, and secure connection, but is slightly slower than Dedicated Interconnect.

Reference: [1] <https://cloud.google.com/interconnect/docs/concepts/types> [2]

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.networking.doc/GUID-6D3A8E3B-A7B1-4A05-A9A8-C4F4A4A4C1A2.html>

NEW QUESTION: 31

A cloud administrator is managing a container environment. The application team has complained that they need to manually restart containers in the event of a failure. Which solution can the administrator implement to solve this issue?

- A. Kubernetes
- B. VMware vSphere High Availability
- C. VMware vSphere Fault Tolerance
- D. Prometheus

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Kubernetes is an open-source container orchestration system that provides automated deployment, scaling, and management of containers. It can be used to set up an automated restart policy for containers in the event of a failure, ensuring that containers are automatically restarted when they fail.

https://www.vmware.com/pdf/stagemanager1_Users_Guide.pdf VMware Stage Manager User's Guide

https://www.vmware.com/pdf/stagemanager1_Users_Guide.pdf

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NEW QUESTION: 32

A cloud administrator is managing a VMware Cloud on AWS environment containing of a single cluster with three hosts.

Which acts recovery site for the on-premises environment. The on-premises environment consists of eight hosts. what should the cloud administrator configure to optimize scaling for full disaster recovery?

- A. Configure an Elastic DRS policy and set the maximum cluster Size to 8.
- B. No Additional configuration is required Default Elastic DRS will fulfill the requirement
- C. Configure an Elastic DRS policy and select 'Optimize for Rapid scale-out'.
- D. Configure an Elastic DRS policy and set minimum cluster size to 8.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

According to the VMware official documentation, in order to optimize scaling for full disaster recovery in a VMware Cloud on AWS environment, it is necessary to configure an Elastic DRS policy and select

'Optimize for Rapid scale-out' as the policy type. This option allows for a rapid increase in the number of hosts within the cluster, which is necessary for full disaster recovery. For more information, please refer to the VMware Cloud on AWS Disaster Recovery Guide, which can be found here: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS-Disaster-Recovery-Guide.html>.

NEW QUESTION: 33

An administrator wants to have a global view of all managed Tanzu Kubernetes clusters and manage the policies across them.

Which solution would the administrator use?

- A. VMware Tanzu Mission Control
- B. VMware Tanzu Observability by Wavefront
- C. VMware Tanzu Service Mesh
- D. VMware Tanzu Kubernetes Grid

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

VMware Tanzu Mission Control provides a central platform to manage and view all Tanzu Kubernetes clusters and workloads running in the environment. It allows administrators to set policies across multiple clusters, set up cluster identities, monitor cluster health and performance, and much more. Tanzu Mission Control also provides access to a variety of cloud-native tools, such as Kubernetes Dashboard, Helm, and Kubeapps.

<https://vcdx.vmware.com/content/dam/digitalmarketing/vmware/ru/pdf/techpaper/vmware-horizon-7-application-publishing.pdf> Publishing Applications with VMware Horizon 7

<https://vcdx.vmware.com/content/dam/digitalmarketing/vmware/ru/pdf/techpaper/vmware-horizon-7-application-publishing.pdf>

<https://www.vmware.com/pdf/techsupportguide.pdf>

VMware Technical Support Guide

<https://www.vmware.com/pdf/techsupportguide.pdf>

<https://techzone.vmware.com/resource/quick-start-tutorial-vmware-dynamic-environment-manager> Quick-Start Tutorial for VMware Dynamic Environment Manager ...

<https://techzone.vmware.com/resource/quick-start-tutorial-vmware-dynamic-environment-manager>

"VMware Tanzu® Mission Control™ is a centralized management platform for consistently operating, managing, and securing Kubernetes infrastructure and modern applications across teams and clouds. It provides a global view of all of the Kubernetes clusters. You can use the resource hierarchy to manage and enforce consistent policies across Kubernetes clusters. "

NEW QUESTION: 34

Which three organizational aspects need to be considered to successfully transition to a cloud operating model? (Choose three.)

- A. Facilities
- B. People
- C. Branding
- D. Process
- E. Budget
- F. Technology

Answer: B,D,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://blogs.vmware.com/management/2020/01/the-cloud-operating-model.html>

NEW QUESTION: 35

An administrator has been tasked with analyzing the impact of deploying a new application. The current infrastructure is using an external storage array. What vRealize Operations What-If Analysis should the administrator perform to get this information?

- A. Infrastructure Planning: Traditional
- B. Workload Planning: Traditional

C. Infrastructure Planning: Hyperconverged

D. Workload Planning: Hyperconverged

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

When tasked with analyzing the impact of deploying a new application in an environment utilizing an external storage array, the appropriate What-If Analysis in VMware vRealize Operations is Workload Planning:

Traditional. This analysis allows administrators to model the addition of new workloads to traditional (non- hyperconverged) infrastructures, providing insights into resource utilization and capacity planning.

To perform this analysis:

- * Navigate to the What-If Analysis Section:

- * In the vRealize Operations interface, go to Plan > Capacity.

- * Click on the What-If Analysis tile.

- * Select Workload Planning: Traditional:

- * Click the ADD button.

- * Choose Add VMs under the Workload Planning: Traditional tile.

- * Configure the New Workload:

- * Specify the data center or custom data center where the new application will be deployed.

- * Define the workload profile by either:

- * Manually entering the number of vCPUs, memory, storage, and expected usage percentage.

- * Importing attributes from existing VMs to use as templates.

- * Set the Time Frame:

- * Enter the start and end dates for the period during which the workload will be active. The system can project scenarios up to one year from the current date.

- * Run the Analysis:

- * After configuring the workload, run the scenario to receive vRealize Operations' assessment.

- * The system will indicate whether the proposed workload fits within the targeted infrastructure and provide projections on resource utilization over time.

This process enables administrators to forecast the impact of new applications on existing resources, ensuring informed decisions regarding capacity and performance.

NEW QUESTION: 36

A cloud administrator wants to enable administrator wants to enable Enterprise Federation to the Cloud Services Portal in order to be able to authenticate with the on-premises Active Directory. The Administrator Already deployed the on-premises VMware Workspace One Access Connector.

Through which port does the Cloud Service Portal communicate with Workspace ONE Access Connector?

A. Idaps/636

B. http/80

C. https/443

D. ldap/389

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

[https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Workspace-ONE-](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Workspace-ONE-Access/20.10/workspace_one_access_install/GUID-E81B6B1B-A3D1-40D0-806A-3D31502C53A5.html)

[Access/20.10/workspace_one_access_install/GUID-E81B6B1B-A3D1-40D0-806A-3D31502C53A5.html](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Workspace-ONE-Access/20.10/workspace_one_access_install/GUID-E81B6B1B-A3D1-40D0-806A-3D31502C53A5.html) The Cloud Services Portal communicates with the Workspace ONE Access Connector via port 443 (HTTPS). According to the VMware documentation [1], the Cloud Services Portal connects to the Access Connector on port 443 to authenticate users and authorize access to the cloud service. The Access Connector listens on port 443 and communicates with the Active Directory using LDAP over TLS (LDAPS) on port 636.

Reference: [https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Workspace-ONE-](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Workspace-ONE-Access/services/com.vmware.access.admin.configure.doc/GUID-F5C6FD9E-36DA-4B1F-A7E7-CF8F64A81D78.html)

[Access/services/com.vmware.access.admin.configure.doc/GUID-F5C6FD9E-36DA-4B1F-A7E7- CF8F64A81D78.html](https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Workspace-ONE-Access/services/com.vmware.access.admin.configure.doc/GUID-F5C6FD9E-36DA-4B1F-A7E7-CF8F64A81D78.html)

NEW QUESTION: 37

Which two types of pre-configured content are provided when deploying a content packs in vRealize Log Insight? (Choose two.)

- A. Recommendation
- B. Reports
- C. Dashboards
- D. Extracted fields
- E. Custom scripts

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

When deploying a content pack in vRealize Log Insight, the following pre-configured content types are provided:

- * Dashboards: Visual representations of log data, offering insights into system operations and performance.
- * Extracted Fields: Custom fields derived from log data, facilitating more detailed analysis and querying.

These components enhance the functionality of vRealize Log Insight by providing structured views and data extractions tailored to specific applications or systems.

NEW QUESTION: 38

A cloud administrator is deploying a new software-defined data center (SDDC) in VMware Cloud on AWS. Long-term planning indicates that a minimum of 30 hosts are required.

What is a valid management network CIDR based on the requirements?

- A. 10.4.0.0/23
- B. 10.3.0.0/24
- C. 10.2.0.0/16
- D. 10.1.0.0/20

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

A valid management network CIDR based on the requirements is 10.1.0.0/20, as this provides a range of

4096 IP addresses, which is more than enough for 30 hosts. A /23 CIDR only provides 512 IP addresses, which is not enough for 30 hosts, while a /24 CIDR provides 256 IP addresses and a /16

CIDR provides 65,536 IP addresses, which is more than is needed for the 30 hosts.

<https://blogs.vmware.com/cloud/2019/10/03/selecting-ip-subnets-sddc/>

NEW QUESTION: 39

Which use cases apply to NSX logical routing? (Select two options)

- A. You must provide external connectivity to VMs and containers.
- B. You require intrinsic security for VMs connected to different segments.
- C. Your organization must provide connectivity between VMs and containers that are connected to different segments.
- D. You want to provide layer 2 connectivity between VMs and microservices.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The two use cases that apply to NSX logical routing are A. You must provide external connectivity to VMs and containers, and B. Your organization must provide connectivity between VMs and containers that are connected to different segments. NSX logical routing allows you to provide external connectivity to VMs and containers, and to provide layer 3 connectivity between VMs and containers that are connected to different segments. It does not provide layer 2 connectivity between VMs and microservices or intrinsic security for VMs connected to different segments.

NEW QUESTION: 40

A cloud administrator is asked to configure access to the VMware Cloud Services Console based on the following requirement:

* Groups and users should be synchronized from the internal Active Directory Which two options should the administrator configure to meet this requirement? (Choose two.)

- A. Workspace ONE Access connector
- B. Enterprise federation with dynamic (connectorless) authentication setup
- C. SAML 2.0 Identity Provider
- D. Enterprise federation with connector-based authentication setup
- E. Workspace ONE Assist

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

The Workspace ONE Access connector is used to synchronize groups and users from the internal Active Directory to the VMware Cloud Services Console. Additionally, the administrator should configure a SAML 2.0 Identity Provider to enable single sign-on (SSO) capability and secure access to the VMware Cloud Services Console.

NEW QUESTION: 41

An Administrator needs to create a new alert in vRealize Log Insight that will send email notifications to a distribution list based on the defined query.

Drag and drop the five actions the administrator must complete in order to create the alert from the action list on the left and place the actions into the correct sequence on the right (Choose five.)

Action List

- Specify the alert details including a name.
- Switch to Interactive Analytics in vRealize Log Insight.
- Select the button called Create Alert from Query.
- Run the query for which the notification should be send.
- Select the Email check-box and type the e-mail distribution list to which vRealize Log Insight should send the notifications.

Sequential Order

Answer:

Action List

- Specify the alert details including a name.
- Switch to Interactive Analytics in vRealize Log Insight.
- Select the button called Create Alert from Query.
- Run the query for which the notification should be send.
- Select the Email check-box and type the e-mail distribution list to which vRealize Log Insight should send the notifications.

Sequential Order

- Switch to Interactive Analytics in vRealize Log Insight.
- Run the query for which the notification should be send.
- Select the button called Create Alert from Query.
- Specify the alert details including a name.
- Select the Email check-box and type the e-mail distribution list to which vRealize Log Insight should send the notifications.

Explanation:

Sequential Order

- 1 Switch to Interactive Analytics in vRealize Log Insight.
- 2 Run the query for which the notification should be send.
- 3 Select the button called Create Alert from Query.
- 4 Specify the alert details including a name.
- 5 Select the Email check-box and type the e-mail distribution list to which vRealize Log Insight should send the notifications.

Switch to Interactive Analytics in vRealize Log Insight:

* Start in the Interactive Analytics tab, where you can create queries to analyze log data.

Run the query for which the notification should be sent:

* Input the desired query to filter the log data that will trigger the alert.

Select the button called Create Alert from Query:

* Once the query produces the desired results, click the Create Alert from Query button to begin configuring the alert.

Specify the alert details including a name:

* Provide a meaningful name and details for the alert to identify its purpose.

Select the Email check-box and type the e-mail distribution list to which vRealize Log Insight should send the notifications:

* Enable email notifications, and enter the email addresses or distribution list where the alerts will be sent.

NEW QUESTION: 42

A Cloud Administrator is tasked with choosing a correct Elastic DRS policy. The existing VMware Cloud on AWS environment consists of a single cluster with two hosts.

The following guidelines regarding the expected performance must be met:

The cluster should be able to scale automatically when additional resources are required. Application performance should NOT be affected when the cluster scaling operation is being performed.

Which Elastic DRS policy should the cloud administrator Select?

- A. Optimize for Best Performances
- B. Elastic DRS Baseline
- C. Optimize for Lowest Cost
- D. Optimize for Rapid Scale-Out

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Based on the given guidelines, the cloud administrator should select the Elastic DRS Baseline policy [1].

This policy is designed to scale the cluster automatically when additional resources are required, while also ensuring that application performance is not affected during the scaling operation. The Elastic DRS Baseline policy also ensures that resources are allocated efficiently and optimally [1], to minimize cost while ensuring that performance requirements are met.

For more information on the Elastic DRS Baseline policy [1], see the VMware official documentation at <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.sddc-management/GUID-FDD3A8AC-E42C-4B92-9C1D-8EB49D6C7129.html>.

NEW QUESTION: 43

How is a Tanzu Kubernetes cluster deployed in a VMware Cloud environment?

- A. Using the VMware Cloud Console
- B. Using VMware Tanzu Mission Control
- C. Using the standard open-source kubectl
- D. Using the vSphere Plugin for kubectl

Answer: [\(SHOW ANSWER\)](#)

Tanzu Kubernetes clusters can be deployed in a VMware Cloud environment using the VMware Cloud Console. The VMware Cloud Console provides a user-friendly interface that allows users to quickly deploy and manage Tanzu Kubernetes clusters. The standard open-source kubectl can also be used to deploy Tanzu Kubernetes clusters. However, this requires a more in-depth knowledge of the kubectl command-line interface. Additionally, users can use the vSphere Plugin for kubectl to deploy and manage Tanzu Kubernetes clusters. This plugin provides a graphical user interface to manage the clusters, as well as additional features such as the ability to make cluster-level changes

NEW QUESTION: 44

The VMware Cloud on Dell EMC subscription entitles companies to services and support In addition to the server and rack hardware and SDDC software.

Which two services are Included In the subscription? (Choose two.)

- A. Onsite support for hardware break-fix within four hours
- B. Remote lifecycle management of the SDDC software
- C. Automated capacity forecasting and expansion
- D. Remote lifecycle management of virtual machine operating system software
- E. Professional services assistance with application migration

Answer: A,B [\(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

VMware Cloud on Dell EMC is a fully managed VMware Cloud Service which includes a physical Dell VxRail hyper-converged infrastructure built to a customer's capacity needs and is delivered onsite preloaded with VMware vSphere®, VMware NSX®, and VMware vSAN™ software. Included with this service is full management of the hardware infrastructure, including monitoring, software patching and upgrades, security updates, lifecycle management, and break-fix service in the event of a hard failure.

This service is backed by an Enterprise-grade Service Level Agreement (SLA). Figure 1 shows the VMware Cloud on Dell EMC infrastructure in greater detail, including all hardware necessary to deploy the infrastructure quickly right out of the crate.

NEW QUESTION: 45

Given what you know about cloud, which examples illustrate its benefits? Select all options that apply.

- A. An organization requires fewer developers when it uses the cloud.
- B. An organization manages its cloud resources by using different cloud providers that are separate and isolated from each other.
- C. A business stores infrequently accessed data in the cloud to benefit from reduced on-premises storage costs.
- D. An organization manages its cloud resources by using different cloud providers that are separate and isolated from each other.
- E. A developer codes an application in a cloud-based environment, and, with a few simple commands, deploys the application on the business website.
- F. In seconds, you receive a large amount of storage using a cloud option.

Answer: B,C,E,F [\(LEAVE A REPLY\)](#)

Example B illustrates the benefit of cloud computing where an organization can manage its cloud resources by using different cloud providers that are separate and isolated from each other. This allows the organization to make use of features and services offered by different cloud providers in order to benefit from the best of different services.

Example C illustrates the benefit of cloud computing where a business can store infrequently accessed data in the cloud in order to benefit from reduced on-premises storage costs, as cloud storage is usually cheaper than on-premise storage.

Example E illustrates the benefit of cloud computing where a developer can code an application in a cloud-based environment, and, with a few simple commands, deploy the application on the business website. This eliminates the need for the developer to set up and manage the application on their own, as the cloud platform handles the deployment and hosting of the application. Example F illustrates the benefit of cloud computing where a large amount of storage can be made available in seconds using a cloud option. This is useful for businesses that require a large amount of storage but don't have the resources to set up and manage their own storage solution.

For more information on the benefits of cloud computing, see the VMware official documentation at <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.getting-started/GUID-F0A2F338-A6A7-49AD-B158-CFFCA2F29C1B.html>.

NEW QUESTION: 46

Which three deployment architectures are valid for vRealize Log Insight listed below? (Choose three.)

- A. Ten node deployment with the integrated load balancer
- B. Single node deployment with an external load balancer
- C. Single node deployment with no load balancer
- D. Three node deployment with an external load balancer
- E. Single node deployment with the integrated load balancer
- F. Two node deployment with the integrated load balancer

Answer: C,D,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

vRealize Log Insight offers flexible deployment architectures to suit various needs.

- * Single node deployment with no load balancer : This is suitable for smaller environments with limited log volume. A single vRealize Log Insight node handles all log management tasks.
- * Three node deployment with an external load balancer : This architecture provides high availability and scalability. An external load balancer distributes incoming traffic across the nodes. This offers flexibility in load balancer selection and configuration.
- * Clustered deployment with integrated load balancer : This architecture also provides high availability and scalability. In this configuration, a minimum of three vRealize Log Insight nodes are deployed. The integrated load balancer distributes incoming log traffic across the nodes, preventing a single point of failure.

The following architectures are not valid for vRealize Log Insight:

- * Ten node deployment with the integrated load balancer: The maximum number of nodes in a cluster is limited, and ten nodes with an integrated load balancer is not a supported configuration.
- * Single node deployment with an external load balancer: A single node deployment does not require a load balancer.
- * Single node deployment with the integrated load balancer: The integrated load balancer is designed for clustered deployments with a minimum of three nodes.
- * Two node deployment with the integrated load balancer: The integrated load balancer requires a minimum of three nodes for cluster functionality.

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<https://www.braindumpspass.com/VMware/2V0-32.22-practice-exam-dumps.html> (100 Q&As Dumps, **40%OFF** Special Discount: **Exam-Tests**)

NEW QUESTION: 47

In order to provide overlapping IP address segments within a VMware cloud Environment, what must be configured?

- A. Additional NSX Edge appliances
- B. Additional Tier-1 gateways
- C. Additional network segments
- D. Additional Tier-0 gateways

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

<https://vmc.techzone.vmware.com/understanding-segments-vmc-aws>

NEW QUESTION: 48

A Cloud Administrator is responsible for which three of the listed operations in VMware Cloud on AWS? (Choose three.)

- A. VMware Tools Updates
- B. VMWare NSX Manager Updates
- C. Guest Operating System Updates
- D. Hardware Bios / Firmware Updates
- E. VMware vCenter Server Updates
- F. Network Connectivity

Answer: A,C,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

A Cloud Administrator is responsible for VMware vCenter Server Updates (see [1] for more details), VMware NSX Manager Updates (see [2] for more details), and Network Connectivity (see [3] for more details). These tasks involve ensuring that the VMware Cloud on AWS environment is up-to-date and running smoothly, and that any changes made to the environment are properly implemented and adhere to the security and performance requirements. Additionally, the Cloud Administrator is responsible for ensuring that all guest operating systems, VMware Tools, and hardware bios/firmware are kept up-to-date and that any necessary patches or updates are applied.

[1] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.administration/GUID-F86D6A1F-9985-4F29-9D56-F92600B2D48A.html> [2]

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-NSX-T/services/nsxt-admin-guide.html> [3]

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.networking/GUID-D2E2F9A9-8661-4BDB-A8A8-4D4F4F7C4E1A.html>

NEW QUESTION: 49

A cloud administrator establishes a VPN connection to the VMware Cloud data center but is unable to access the VMware Cloud vCenter.

Which step can the administrator take to resolve this?

- A. Modify the default vCenter management network to participate in the on-premises IP space.
- B. Create a segment in the VMware Cloud data center for connection to the vCenter.
- C. Establish a layer 2 connection between the on-premises data center and the VMware Cloud data center.
- D. Create an NSX firewall rule in the VMware Cloud data center allowing access to the vCenter from the on-premises data center.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

<https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws-operations/GUID-ED8B84E8-BF1C-47EE-BB60-8D5741351822.html> By default, the management gateway firewall is set to deny all traffic between the internet and vCenter Server. Verify that the appropriate firewall rules are in place.

The administrator can create an NSX firewall rule in the VMware Cloud data center that allows access to the vCenter from the on-premises data center. This would allow the VPN connection to connect to the vCenter, allowing the administrator to access and manage the VMware Cloud environment.

NEW QUESTION: 50

A cloud administrator is notified by VMware that their VMware Cloud on AWS Instance will be updated in seven days.

Which action does the cloud administrator need to take to allow the update?

- A. Select a date for the upgrade.
- B. Respond to the notification.
- C. Add capacity.
- D. Nothing needs to be done.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

VMware Cloud on AWS Instances are regularly updated to ensure they are running the latest version of the software, and the cloud administrator needs to respond to the notification to confirm they accept the update. They do not need to add capacity or select a date for the upgrade, and they do not need to do anything else as the update will be done automatically.

NEW QUESTION: 51

Which two steps should an administrator take to allow HTTPS access to a specific virtual machine (VM) through the public Internet for VMware Cloud on AWS? (Choose two.)

- A. Create a custom service called HTTPS using port 443.
- B. Configure AWS Direct Connect.
- C. Configure a SNAT rule translating an internal IP address to a public IP address.
- D. Request a public IP address in the VMware Cloud console.
- E. Configure a DNAT rule translating a public IP address to an internal IP address.

Answer: A,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

To allow HTTPS access to a specific VM through the public Internet for VMware Cloud on AWS, the administrator must first create a custom service called HTTPS using port 443. They must then request a public IP address in the VMware Cloud console.

NEW QUESTION: 52

An administrator is tasked with collecting a support bundle from a Tanzu Kubernetes cluster for a support case.

How can the administrator collect this support bundle for the Tanzu Kubernetes cluster?

- A. Run a compression tool of the log files located in /var/log/vmware/wcp/.
- B. Run the vm-support command.
- C. Run the kubact1 logs my-pod command
- D. Run the -tkc-support-bundler command.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/80949>

Tanzu Kubernetes Grid (TKG) provides a command line tool called tkg-support-bundler which can be used to collect the necessary information and logs for troubleshooting and support cases. The command can be run on the TKG CLI and it will gather all the necessary information and logs from the TKG control plane and worker nodes, and package them into a single compressed bundle file. This bundle file can then be provided to VMware support for further analysis.

NEW QUESTION: 53

A customer is concerned about threats propagating out to their cloud disaster recovery site.

Which VMware Cloud solution offers the capability for an operational air-gap to stop ransomware?

- A. VMware Hybrid Cloud Extension
- B. VMware Site Recovery
- C. VMware Secure Access Service Edge
- D. VMware Cloud Disaster Recovery

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://blogs.vmware.com/virtualblocks/2021/09/28/operational-air-gaps/>

Operational isolation (operational "air-gapping") is critical to DR. VMware Cloud DR was designed from the very beginning for its systems and repository to be operationally isolated and for instantiating isolated recovery environments.

NEW QUESTION: 54

An administrator has been tasked with updating vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM) to a specific version to support the phased upgrade of the vRealize Suite. Which three steps should the administrator take to ensure vRSLCM is upgraded to the correct version? (Choose three.)

- A.** Connect the ISO to the vRSLCM Appliance as a Virtual CD-ROM
- B.** Use the CD-ROM repository for the source of the upgrade files
- C.** Use the Online repository for the source of the upgrade files
- D.** Download the vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager Upgrade ISO
- E.** Download the vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager Easy installer ISO
- F.** Update to the latest Product Support Pack in vRSLCM

Answer: C,D,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

To ensure vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM) is upgraded to the correct version for a phased upgrade of the vRealize Suite, follow these steps:

- * C. Use the Online repository for the source of the upgrade files : Utilize the online repository within vRSLCM to access the available upgrade files. This ensures you have the latest versions and necessary components for the upgrade.
- * D. Download the vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager Upgrade ISO : Download the specific vRSLCM Upgrade ISO that corresponds to the desired target version. This ISO contains the necessary files for the upgrade process.
- * F. Update to the latest Product Support Pack in vRSLCM : Before upgrading to a new version, ensure vRSLCM is updated to the latest Product Support Pack. This ensures compatibility and addresses any known issues.

The following options are not necessary or recommended:

- * A. Connect the ISO to the vRSLCM Appliance as a Virtual CD-ROM: While this was a common method in older versions, it's not the preferred approach for upgrading vRSLCM.
- * B. Use the CD-ROM repository for the source of the upgrade files: Using a CD-ROM repository is not as efficient or convenient as using the online repository.
- * E. Download the vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager Easy installer ISO: The Easy Installer ISO is used for initial installation, not for upgrading vRSLCM.

NEW QUESTION: 55

Which three features are available in vRealize Log Insight? (Choose three.)

- A.** Use of Remote Collectors
- B.** Application Discovery Dashboard
- C.** Event Forwarding
- D.** Management Pack Marketplace
- E.** Machine Learning Analytics
- F.** Interactive Analytics

Answer: A,C,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

vRealize Log Insight offers several key features that enhance log management and analysis:

- * A. Use of Remote Collectors [21]: vRealize Log Insight supports the deployment of remote collectors, which are lightweight agents that collect logs from various sources and forward them to the central Log Insight server. This distributed architecture allows for efficient log collection in large and complex environments.
- * C. Event Forwarding [22]: vRealize Log Insight enables event forwarding, allowing you to send log data to other systems or services for further analysis, archiving, or integration with security information and event management (SIEM) tools.
- * F. Interactive Analytics [23]: vRealize Log Insight provides interactive analytics capabilities, allowing you to explore and analyze log data in real-time. You can use various filtering, aggregation, and visualization tools to gain insights from your logs and troubleshoot issues effectively.

The following options are not features of vRealize Log Insight:

- * B. Application Discovery Dashboard: While vRealize Log Insight can analyze logs from applications, it does not have a dedicated application discovery dashboard.
- * D. Management Pack Marketplace: Management packs are primarily associated with vRealize Operations Manager, not vRealize Log Insight.
- * E. Machine Learning Analytics: While vRealize Log Insight may incorporate some machine learning algorithms for certain functionalities, it is not a primary feature of the product.

NEW QUESTION: 56

An administrator needs to deploy a 3-node High Availability duster of vRealize Operations using custom CA- signed certificates. An existing vRealize Operations development environment has previously been deployed using vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager Which method should the Administrator use to complete this objective?

- A.** Deploy 3 nodes independently, replace certificates and then form the 3-node duster
- B.** Deploy a single node duster at the beginning to further expand it to 3 nodes m the next step.
- C.** Deploy vRealize Operations analytics duster using Command Line Interface.
- D.** Deploy vRealize Operations analytics duster using vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The administrator should deploy the vRealize Operations analytics cluster using vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM) . vRSLCM simplifies the deployment and management of vRealize Suite products, including vRealize Operations. It allows the administrator to deploy a 3-node High Availability cluster with custom CA-signed certificates in a streamlined manner.

Here's why the other options are not suitable:

* A. Deploy 3 nodes independently, replace certificates and then form the 3-node cluster: This approach is more complex and prone to errors. It involves manual configuration and certificate replacement on each node.

* B. Deploy a single node cluster at the beginning to further expand it to 3 nodes in the next step:

While possible, this method is not as efficient as deploying a 3-node cluster directly using vRSLCM.

* C. Deploy vRealize Operations analytics cluster using Command Line Interface: Deploying using the CLI requires more expertise and manual intervention compared to using vRSLCM.

vRSLCM provides a centralized platform for managing the entire lifecycle of vRealize Suite products, including deployment, configuration, and upgrades. It simplifies the process of deploying a 3-node High Availability cluster of vRealize Operations with custom CA-signed certificates, ensuring a secure and efficient deployment.

NEW QUESTION: 57

Which two steps should an administrator take to allow HTTPS access to a specific virtual machine (VM) through the public Internet for VMware Cloud on AWS? (Choose two.)

- A.** Create a custom service called HTTPS using port 443.
- B.** Configure a SNAT rule translating an internal IP address to a public IP address.
- C.** Configure a DNAT rule translating a public IP address to an internal IP address.
- D.** Configure AWS Direct Connect.
- E.** Request a public IP address in the VMware Cloud console.

Answer: A,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

To allow HTTPS access to a specific VM through the public Internet for VMware Cloud on AWS, the administrator must first create a custom service called HTTPS using port 443. They must then request a public IP address in the VMware Cloud console.

NEW QUESTION: 58

An administrator has been tasked with creating an identically configured deployment of the production vRealize Operations duster that is currently managed by vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM).

Which four steps should the administrator complete to meet this objective? (Choose four.)

- A.** Create a new vRSLCM Environment using the JSON Configuration file
- B.** Update the JSON file to replace any configuration details
- C.** Create new locker SSL certificates and passwords for the new deployment
- D.** Update the YAML file to replace any configuration details
- E.** Export the configuration for the Production vRSLCM Environment
- F.** Create a new vRSLCM Environment using the YAML Configuration file

G. Create new locker SSL certificates for the new deployment

Answer: A,B,C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

= To create an identically configured deployment of a production vRealize Operations cluster managed by vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM), follow these steps:

- * E. Export the configuration for the Production vRSLCM Environment [29]: Export the existing configuration of the production environment as a JSON file. This file contains all the necessary details for replicating the deployment.
- * A. Create a new vRSLCM Environment using the JSON Configuration file [30]: Use the exported JSON file to create a new environment in vRSLCM. This will replicate the basic structure and settings of the production environment.
- * B. Update the JSON file to replace any configuration details [31]: Modify the JSON file to update any specific configuration details, such as IP addresses, hostnames, and resource allocations, to match the requirements of the new deployment.
- * C. Create new locker SSL certificates and passwords for the new deployment [32]: Generate new SSL certificates and passwords for the new deployment to ensure security and avoid conflicts with the production environment.

NEW QUESTION: 59

What are two Incident management services included in the VMware Cloud on AWS service management process? (Choose two.)

- A.** Email notifications for pending upgrades
- B.** Return to service
- C.** Severity classification
- D.** SDDC upgrades
- E.** Workload incident management

Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

Incident and Problem Management: VMware will provide incident and problem management services (e.g., detection, severity classification, recording, escalation, and return to service) pertaining to availability of the Service Offering. VMware is responsible for incident and problem management (e.g., detection, severity classification, recording, escalation, and return to service) pertaining to all virtual machines that you have deployed in your SDDC.

<https://www.vmware.com/content/dam/digitalmarketing/vmware/en/pdf/support/vmw-cloud-aws-service-description.pdf>

NEW QUESTION: 60

Which two key components are required in every instance in the VMware Cloud software-defined datacenter (SDDC)? (Choose two.)

- A.** VMware vSphere
- B.** VMware NSX-T
- C.** VMware vRealize Operations
- D.** VMware Tanzu Kubernetes Grid
- E.** CloudHealth by VMware

Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)

The correct answers are A and D. Every instance in the VMware Cloud software-defined datacenter (SDDC) requires VMware vSphere and VMware NSX-T. VMware vSphere is a virtualization platform that allows customers to manage, deploy, and configure virtual machines and other related components. VMware NSX-T is a network virtualization platform that provides security and networking services to virtualized environments.

NEW QUESTION: 61

An administrator has been tasked with deploying vRealize Operations using a new vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM) instance that has already been configured with VMware Identity Manager.

Which item must be configured in vRSLCM before the administrator can complete the deployment?

- A. A valid license for vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager
- B. A registered authentication provider
- C. Outbound notifications settings
- D. A valid license for vRealize Suite

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Before deploying vRealize Operations using a vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM) instance configured with VMware Identity Manager (vIDM), the administrator must configure a registered authentication provider in vRSLCM [48, 49]. This involves setting up vIDM as the authentication source in vRSLCM, allowing it to connect to vIDM for user authentication and authorization during the deployment process.

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NEW QUESTION: 62

A cloud administrator is using VMware HCX to migrate application workloads between an on-premises data center and a VMware Public Cloud (UI!) capability of VMware HCX is being used to extend a number of on-premises network segments into the cloud to avoid IP re-addressing concerns.

When the cloud administrator tries to extend a native layer 2 network segment from the cloud back into the on-premises data center, an error is encountered and the extension fails.

What should the administrator do to enable network extension from the cloud side to on-premises in this scenario?

- A. Enable reverse L2E in the advanced configuration menu of HCX. Make the appropriate change and re-deploy the HCX Service Mesh.
- B. Ensure that the on-premises environment that has at minimum a VMware vSphere Distributed Switch with version 6.5 configured.
- C. Install VMware NSXT into the on-premises data center.
- D. Enable reverse L2E in the advanced configuration menu of HCX. Make the appropriate change, re-deploy the on-premise HCX Manager and re-pair the sites together.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

The best solution for enabling network extension from the cloud side to the on-premises data center in this scenario is to ensure that the on-premises environment has at least a VMware vSphere Distributed Switch with version 6.5 configured. This will enable the reverse L2E feature, which is necessary for extending the native layer 2 network segment from the cloud back into the on-premises data center. For more information on how to configure reverse L2E and extend a network segment from the cloud to the on-premises data center, please refer to the official VMware documentation [here](#).

NEW QUESTION: 63

A cloud administrator is managing a VMware Cloud on AWS environment connected to an on-premises data center using IPSec VPN connection. The administrator is informed of performance issues with applications replicating data between VMware Cloud and the on-premises data center. The total bandwidth used by this replication is 3.8 Gbps.

What should the administrator do to improve application performance?

- A. Deploy VMware HCX.
- B. Deploy AWS Direct Connect.
- C. Deploy a layer 2 VPN connection.
- D. Contact VMware support to request more bandwidth for IPSec VPN connection.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

AWS Direct Connect is a service that establishes a dedicated network connection between an on-premises data center and an AWS region. This can improve network performance, reduce costs, and increase security for applications that require high bandwidth and low latency.

A layer 2 VPN connection would not improve performance as it still relies on the public internet. VMware HCX is a service that simplifies workload migration and mobility between different clouds, but it does not address network performance issues. Contacting VMware support to request more bandwidth for IPSec VPN connection is unlikely to be effective as IPSec VPN has inherent limitations such as encryption overhead and packet fragmentation

NEW QUESTION: 64

A cloud Administrator is receiving complaints about an application experiencing intermittent network connectivity.

Which VMware Cloud tools can help the administrator check if packets are being dropped?

- A. VRealize Log Insight
- B. Port mirroring
- C. IPFIX
- D. Traceflow

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

IPFIX (Internet Protocol Flow Information Export) is a standard for the format and export of network flow information for troubleshooting, auditing, or collecting analytics information. Port mirroring lets you replicate and redirect all of the traffic coming from a source. The mirrored traffic is sent encapsulated within a Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnel to a collector so that all of the original packet information is preserved while traversing the network to a remote destination.

Use Traceflow to inspect the path of a packet. Traceflow traces the transport node-level path of a packet.

The trace packet traverses the logical switch overlay, but is not visible to interfaces attached to the logical switch. In other words, no packet is actually delivered to the test packet's intended recipients.

vRealize Log Insight is a log collection and analytics virtual appliance that enables administrators to collect, view, manage and analyze syslog data. Log Insight provides real-time monitoring of application logs, network traces, configuration files, messages and performance data.

NEW QUESTION: 65

In vRealize Operations, a user applies a CPU License to a custom group which has existing hosts. How will the Virtual Machines (VMs) on the existing hosts be affected?

- A. The CPU license gets converted to a CPU and VM license.
- B. The VMs running on the hosts show a 'License is Invalid*' watermark.
- C. The VMs running on the hosts are not affected.
- D. vRealize Operations prompts the user to apply a VM license key to the VMs running.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

When a CPU license is applied to a custom group containing existing hosts in vRealize Operations, the VMs running on those hosts will show a "License is Invalid" watermark . This is because CPU licenses in vRealize Operations are specifically designed for licensing hosts and their CPU capacity. To license the VMs running on those hosts, you need to apply a separate VM license key.

Here's why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. The CPU license gets converted to a CPU and VM license: vRealize Operations does not automatically convert CPU licenses to VM licenses.
- * C. The VMs running on the hosts are not affected: This is incorrect, as the VMs will be affected by the lack of a valid VM license.
- * D. vRealize Operations prompts the user to apply a VM license key to the VMs running: While vRealize Operations may indicate that the VMs are not properly licensed, it does not explicitly prompt the user to apply a VM license key.

NEW QUESTION: 66

A cloud administrator is establishing connectivity between their on-premises data center and VMware Cloud. The Administrator wants to leverage Border gateway Protocol (BGP) to Dynamically learn when new networks are created.

Which type of VPN should the administrator configure to accomplish this?

- A. Layer 2 VPN

B. SSL VPN

C. Policy-based IPsec VPN

D. Route-based IPsec VPN

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Route-based IPsec VPNs provide the flexibility to dynamically learn when new networks are created, making them the ideal choice for establishing connectivity between an on-premises data center and VMware Cloud. Route-based IPsec VPNs use the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) to dynamically learn and propagate routes over the VPN tunnel, allowing for scalable and secure connectivity. [1]

[1] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.networking/GUID-EDA5A6E5-6C5B-4F66-9C2F-2C6D4F6EF8F6.html>

NEW QUESTION: 67

A customer needs additional capacity to handle seasonal spikes and decides to use a VMware Public cloud provider for the extra capacity.

Which use case describes this customer scenario?

A. Disaster recovery

B. Data center extension

C. Cloud migrations

D. Modernizing applications

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

This customer scenario describes a use case of extending the capacity of an existing data center with a public cloud provider, such as VMware Cloud. This allows the customer to extend their capacity to handle seasonal spikes in demand, without having to invest in additional physical infrastructure or make significant changes to their existing setup.

According to VMware's official website, "VMware Cloud enables customers to extend their data centers to the public cloud and dynamically scale capacity up or down with the same tools, processes, and policies they use today in their private cloud or data center environments." [1]

[1] <https://www.vmware.com/products/vmware-cloud.html>

NEW QUESTION: 68

An administrator has been tasked to quickly recover unused allocated compute from existing development virtual machines (VMs) using vRealize Operations, as vSphere cluster is now at capacity.

The current state of the environment:

* The VMs either have dev or prod in their name.

* Production VMs reside on cluster due to historical usage.

* The administrator already has permission to modify any development VMs within the cluster Which approach below will quickly ensure cluster compute resources are recovered from the correct VMs?

A. Generate an Undersized Virtual Machines Report to identify suitable virtual machines and liaise with the VM owners.

B. Exclude any Production virtual machines before running the Rightsize action.

C. Generate an Oversized Virtual Machines Report to identify suitable virtual machines and liaise with the VM owners.

D. Use the Heavy Hitter VMs Dashboard to identify the VMs which are consistently consuming a large amount of resources and liaise with the VM owners.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

When a vSphere cluster reaches capacity, it's essential to reclaim unused resources from virtual machines (VMs) to optimize performance and accommodate new workloads. In this scenario, the administrator's goal is to recover compute resources from development VMs, identifiable by the "dev" in their names, without affecting production VMs labeled with "prod." The most efficient approach is to generate an Oversized Virtual Machines Report. This report identifies VMs that have been allocated more resources than they consistently utilize, making them prime candidates for rightsizing.

Steps to Generate the Oversized VMs Report in vRealize Operations:

* Access the VM Rightsizing Dashboard:

* Navigate to the Optimize Performance section.

- * Select the VM Rightsizing dashboard.
- * Filter VMs by Name:
- * Use the filtering options to include only VMs with "dev" in their names, ensuring the focus remains on development VMs.
- * Review Oversized VMs:
- * Within the dashboard, locate the list of Oversized VMs.
- * This section displays VMs with allocated resources exceeding their actual usage.
- * Analyze Recommendations:
- * For each listed VM, vRealize Operations provides recommendations on optimal resource allocation based on historical usage patterns.
- * Implement Rightsizing:
- * After reviewing the recommendations, adjust the resources (CPU, memory) of the identified VMs to match the suggested sizes.
- * This process, known as rightsizing, ensures that VMs have resources commensurate with their workload demands, freeing up excess allocations for other uses.

Benefits of This Approach:

- * Immediate Resource Reclamation: By rightsizing oversized development VMs, you can quickly recover CPU and memory resources.
- * Non-Disruptive to Production: Focusing on VMs with "dev" in their names ensures that production workloads remain unaffected.
- * Operational Efficiency: Rightsizing enhances overall cluster performance by reducing resource contention and improving utilization.

By following this method, the administrator can efficiently reclaim compute resources from development VMs, alleviating the cluster's capacity constraints without impacting production workloads.

NEW QUESTION: 69

Which four steps must a cloud administrator take to deploy a new private cloud In Azure VMware Solution? (Choose four.)

- A. Identify the desired availability zone.
- B. Identify the maximum number of hosts needed for future capacity.
- C. Open a support request with Microsoft Azure requesting capacity.
- D. Identify the desired region.
- E. Identify the current number of hosts needed.
- F. Identify a management CIDR of size /20.
- G. Identify a management CIDR of size /22.

Answer: A,C,E,G (LEAVE A REPLY)

Identify the desired region. This determines where your private cloud will be deployed and which Azure services are available.

Identify a management CIDR of size /22. This determines the IP address range for your private cloud management components such as vCenter Server, NSX Manager, etc.

Open a support request with Microsoft Azure requesting capacity. This ensures that there are enough hosts available for your private cloud deployment.

Identify the current number of hosts needed. This determines how many hosts will be provisioned initially for your private cloud cluster.

<https://vmc.techzone.vmware.com/resource/avs-planning-and-deployment-guide>

NEW QUESTION: 70

A cloud administrator is developing a new Private cloud in Google VMware Engine and wants to allow for Maximum growth.

What are two valid subnet sizes that meets the requirement for the VMware vSphere/vSAN subnet?

(Choose two.)

- A. /21
- B. /24
- C. /22
- D. /23

E. /20

Answer: A,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

<https://cloud.google.com/vmware-engine/docs/concepts-vlans-subnets>

NEW QUESTION: 71

Which three types of gateways can be found in VMware cloud on AWS (Choose three?)

A. Management Tire-0

B. Management Tire-1

C. Tire-0

D. Standard Tier-1

E. Distributed Tier-1

F. Compute Tier-1

Answer: D,E,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

The three types of gateways that can be found in VMware Cloud on AWS are Option A: Distributed Tier-1, Option B: Standard Tier-1, and Option D: Compute Tier-1.

Distributed Tier-1 gateways are used for secure access between on-premises networks and the VMware Cloud on AWS SDDC network. Standard Tier-1 gateways are used for secure access between the VMware Cloud on AWS SDDC network and the public internet. Compute Tier-1 gateways are used for secure access between the workloads running on the VMware Cloud on AWS SDDC and the public internet.

For more information, please refer to the official VMware documentation on VMware Cloud on AWS Gateways: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-Cloud-on-AWS/services/com.vmware.vmc-aws.networking/GUID-1F2D1BFC-F5C7-4534-8B49-39F9D08E7F1A.html>

NEW QUESTION: 72

What are two key benefits of VMware's partnerships with hyperscalers? (Choose two.)

A. Access to native public cloud services

B. Automation of infrastructure operations in a single view

C. Seamless workload migration across clouds

D. One-click conversion to cloud native services

E. Elimination of egress costs

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

VMware's partnerships with hyperscalers, such as AWS and Google Cloud, provide customers with access to native public cloud services and the ability to easily and securely migrate workloads between clouds. This allows customers to take advantage of the best features of each cloud provider while managing their workloads in a single view. It also eliminates the need to pay egress costs when moving workloads between clouds.

NEW QUESTION: 73

An administrator has been tasked with deploying vRealize Operations using vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM). Which two options are steps in the process? (Choose two.)

A. Verify that the destination vSphere Cluster Datastore resides on an all flash vSAN.

B. Verify that the vRealize Operations product binary is available in vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager.

C. Download the PAK file for the vSAN Management Pack

D. Verify that you obtained the vRealize Suite or vRealize Operations license with a quantity that fulfills the requirements of this design

E. Verify that the vRealize Suite or vRealize Operations license is Advanced Edition or Enterprise Edition.

Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

When deploying vRealize Operations using vRealize Suite Lifecycle Manager (vRSLCM), it's essential to ensure the following:

- * Product Binary Availability:
 - * Ensure that the vRealize Operations product binary is present in vRSLCM. This can be done by checking the Product Binaries section within vRSLCM. If the binary is not available, it must be downloaded and added to vRSLCM before proceeding with the deployment.
 - * Adequate Licensing:
 - * Verify that you have obtained the appropriate vRealize Suite or vRealize Operations licenses that meet the requirements of your deployment design. This includes ensuring that the license edition (Standard, Advanced, or Enterprise) aligns with the features you intend to use and that the license quantity covers the scope of your environment.
- By confirming these prerequisites, you can facilitate a smooth deployment of vRealize Operations through vRSLCM.

NEW QUESTION: 74

An administrator is unable to log into the vRealize Operations (vROps) UI and therefore logs into the vROps Admin UI to begin troubleshooting. Once logged into the Admin UI, the Mowing error message has been displayed:

The Cluster was shut down because one or more nodes were out of disk space.

The following information has been provided on the vROps deployment:

- * The vROps cluster contains three nodes.
- * Each node in the vROps duster has been hardened.
- * Continuous Availability (CA) and High Availability (HA) is not configured.

Drag and drop the four correct actions the administrator must complete to troubleshoot the cause of the issue from the action list on the left and place the actions into the correct sequence on the right. (Choose four.)

Action List

Repeat the steps for all vROps Analytic Nodes in the cluster

Run the df -h command to identify which volume is out of space.

Run the ls -l command to identify which volume is out of space.

Log into each vROps Node as the admin user.

Log into each vROps Node as the root user.

From the vROps UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH.

From the vROps Admin UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH.

Ordered Sequence

Answer:

Action List

Repeat the steps for all vROps Analytic Nodes in the cluster

Run the df -h command to identify which volume is out of space.

Run the ls -l command to identify which volume is out of space.

Log into each vROps Node as the admin user.

Log into each vROps Node as the root user.

From the vROps UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH.

From the vROps Admin UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH.

Ordered Sequence

From the vROps UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH.

Log into each vROps Node as the root user.

Run the df -h command to identify which volume is out of space.

Run the ls -l command to identify which volume is out of space.

Explanation:

To troubleshoot the "Cluster shut down because one or more nodes were out of disk space" error in vRealize Operations (vROps), the correct sequence of actions is:

- * From the vROps Admin UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH
- * Log into each vROps Node as the root user
- * Run the df -h command to identify which volume is out of space
- * Run the ls -l command to identify which volume is out of space

From the vROps Admin UI, locate the affected node and enable SSH:

- * Since SSH is typically disabled on hardened nodes, you must first enable SSH access via the vROps Admin UI.

Log into each vROps Node as the root user:

- * Access each vROps node directly using SSH with the root user to troubleshoot disk space issues.

Run the df -h command to identify which volume is out of space:

- * The df -h command displays the disk usage of all volumes on the node. It helps identify which filesystem is running out of space.

Run the ls -l command to identify which volume is out of space:

- * Use the ls -l command to investigate large files or directories that may be consuming disk space on the identified volume.

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